

Solid-state Multi-functional Timers

H3CR-A

DIN 48 × 48-mm State-of-the-art Multifunctional Timer

- A wider power supply range reduces the number of timer models kept in stock.
- A wide range of applications through six or four operating modes.
- Reduced power consumption.
(Except for H3CR-A8E)
- Enables easy sequence checks through instantaneous outputs for a zero set value at any time range.
- Length, when panel-mounted with a Socket, of 80 mm or less.
- Time Setting Rings enable consistent settings and limit the setting range.
- Panel Covers enable various panel designs.
- PNP input models available.
- Rich variety of inputs: Start, reset, and gate functions (11-pin models and -AP models)



Model Number Structure

■ Model Number Legend

Note: This model number legend includes combinations that are not available. Before ordering, please check the *List of Models* on page 2 for availability.

H3CR-A -
 1 2 3 4 5

1. Number of Pins

None: 11-pin models

8: 8-pin models

2. Input Type for 11-pin Models

None: No-voltage input (NPN type)

P: Voltage input (PNP type)

3. Output

None: Relay output (DPDT)

S: Transistor output (NPN/PNP universal use)

E: Relay output (SPDT) with instantaneous relay output (SPDT)

4. Suffix

300: Dual mode models (signal ON/OFF-delay and one-shot)

301: Double time scale (range) models (0.1 s to 600 h)

5. Supply Voltage

100-240AC/100-125DC: 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC

24-48AC/12-48DC: 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC

24-48AC/DC: 24 to 48 VAC/VDC (Only for H3CR-A8E)

Ordering Information

List of Models

Note: 1. Specify both the model number and supply voltage when ordering.

Example: H3CR-A 100-240AC/100-125DC

Supply voltage

2. The operating modes are as follows

A: ON-delay	D: Signal OFF-delay
B: Flicker OFF start	E: Interval
B2: Flicker ON start	G: Signal ON/OFF-delay
C: Signal ON/OFF-delay	J: One-shot

11-pin Models

Output	Supply voltage	Input type	Time range	Operating mode (See note 2)	Model (See note 1.)
Contact	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC	No-voltage input	0.05 s to 300 h	Six multi-modes: A, B, B2, C, D, E	H3CR-A
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC				
	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC			Dual-modes: G, J	H3CR-A-300
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC				
	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC	Voltage input	Six multi-modes: A, B, B2, C, D, E	H3CR-AP	
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC				
	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC	No-voltage input		0.1 s to 600 h	H3CR-A-301
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC				
Transistor (Photocoupler)	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC		0.05 s to 300 h		H3CR-AS

8-pin Models

Output	Supply voltage	Input type	Time range	Operating mode (See note 2)	Model (See note 1.)
Contact	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC	No-input available	0.05 s to 300 h	Four multi-modes: A, B2, E, J (Power supply start)	H3CR-A8
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC		0.1 s to 600 h		H3CR-A8-301
	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC				
	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC				
Transistor (Photocoupler)	24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 12 to 48 VDC		0.05 s to 300 h		H3CR-A8S
Time-limit contact and instantaneous contact	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/ 100 to 125 VDC		H3CR-A8E		
	24 to 48 VAC/VDC (50/60 Hz)				

■ Accessories (Order Separately)

Name/specifications		Models
Flush Mounting Adapter		Y92F-30
		Y92F-73
		Y92F-74
Mounting Track	50 cm (ℓ) × 7.3 mm (t)	PFP-50N
	1 m (ℓ) × 7.3 mm (t)	PFP-100N
	1 m (ℓ) × 16 mm (t)	PFP-100N2
End Plate		PFP-M
Spacer		PFP-S
Protective Cover		Y92A-48B
Track Mounting/ Front Connecting Socket	8-pin	P2CF-08
	8-pin, finger safe type	P2CF-08-E
	11-pin	P2CF-11
	11-pin, finger safe type	P2CF-11-E
Back Connecting Socket	8-pin	P3G-08
	8-pin, finger safe type	P3G-08 with Y92A-48G (See note 1)
	11-pin	P3GA-11
	11-pin, finger safe type	P3GA-11 with Y92A-48G (See note 1)
Time Setting Ring	Setting a specific time	Y92S-27
	Limiting the setting range	Y92S-28
Panel Cover (See note 2)	Light gray (5Y7/1)	Y92P-48GL
	Black (N1.5)	Y92P-48GB
	Medium gray (5Y5/1)	Y92P-48GM
Hold-down Clip (See note 3)	For PL08 and PL11 Sockets	Y92H-7
	For PF085A Socket	Y92H-8

Note: 1. Y92A-48G is a finger safe terminal cover which is attached to the P3G-08 or P3GA-11 Socket.

2. The Time Setting Ring and Panel Cover are sold together.

3. Hold-down Clips are sold in sets of two.

Specifications

■ General

Item	H3CR-A/-AS	H3CR-AP	H3CR-A8/-A8S	H3CR-A8E
Operating mode	A: ON-delay B: Flicker OFF start B2: Flicker ON start C: Signal ON/OFF-delay D: Signal OFF-delay E: Interval G: Signal ON/OFF-delay (Only for H3CR-A-300) J: One-shot (Only for H3CR-A-300)		A: ON-delay (power supply start) B2: Flicker ON start (power supply start) E: Interval (power supply start) J: One-shot (power supply start)	
Pin type	11-pin		8-pin	
Input type	No-voltage input	Voltage input	---	
Time-limit output type	H3CR-A/-A8/-AP: Relay output (DPDT) H3CR-AS/-A8S: Transistor output (NPN/PNP universal)*			Relay output (SPDT)
Instantaneous output type	---			Relay output (SPDT)
Mounting method	DIN track mounting, surface mounting, and flush mounting			
Approved standards	UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14, NK, Lloyds Conforms to EN61812-1 and IEC60664-1 (VDE0110) 4kV/2. Output category according to EN60947-5-1 for Timers with Contact Outputs. Output category according to EN60947-5-2 for Timers with Transistor Outputs.			

*The internal circuits are optically isolated from the output. This enables universal application as NPN or PNP transistor.

■ Time Ranges

Note: When the time setting knob is turned below “0” until the point where the time setting knob stops, the output will operate instantaneously at all time range settings.

Standard (0.05-s to 300-h) Models

Time unit	s (sec)	min (min)	h (hrs)	×10 h (10 hrs)
Full scale setting	1.2	0.05 to 1.2	0.12 to 1.2	1.2 to 12
	3	0.3 to 3		3 to 30
	12	1.2 to 12		12 to 120
	30	3 to 30		30 to 300

Double (0.1-s to 600-h) Models

Time unit	s (sec)	min (min)	h (hrs)	×10 h (10 hrs)
Full scale setting	2.4	0.1 to 2.4	0.24 to 2.4	2.4 to 24
	6	0.6 to 6		6 to 60
	24	2.4 to 24		24 to 240
	60	6 to 60		60 to 600

■ Ratings

Rated supply voltage (See notes 1, 2, and 5.)	100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)/100 to 125 VDC, 24 to 48 VAC (50/60 Hz)/12 to 48 VDC (24 to 48 VAC/VDC for H3CR-A8E) (See note3.)		
Operating voltage range	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage (90% to 110% at 12 VDC)		
Power reset	Minimum power-opening time: 0.1 s		
Input	No-voltage Input ON impedance: 1 kΩ max. ON residual voltage: 1 V max. OFF impedance: 100 kΩ min. Voltage Input Max. permissible capacitance between inputs lines (terminals 6 and 7): 1,200 pF Load connectable in parallel with inputs (terminals 6 and 7). • 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC High (logic) level: 85 to 264 VAC/85 to 137.5 VDC Low (logic) level: 0 to 10 VAC/0 to 10 VDC • 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC High (logic) level: 20.4 to 52.8 VAC/10.8 to 52.8 VDC Low (logic) level: 0 to 2.4 VAC/0 to 1.2 VDC		
Power consumption	H3CR-A/-A8 • 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC (When at 240 VAC, 60 Hz) Relay ON: approx. 2.0 VA (1.6 W) Relay OFF: approx. 1.3 VA (1.1 W) • 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC (When at 24 VDC) Relay ON: approx. 0.8 W Relay OFF: approx. 0.2 W H3CR-AP (See note 3) • 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC (When at 240 VAC, 60 Hz) Relay ON: approx. 2.5 VA (2.2 W) (See note 4.) Relay OFF: approx. 1.8 VA (1.7 W) (See note 4.) • 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC (When at 24 VDC) Relay ON: approx. 0.9 W (See note 4.) Relay OFF: approx. 0.3 W (See note 4.) H3CR-A8E • 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC (When at 240 VAC, 60 Hz) Relay ON/OFF: approx. 2 VA (0.9 W) • 24 to 48 VAC/VDC (When at 24 VDC) Relay ON/OFF: approx. 0.9 W H3CR-AS/-A8S • 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC (When at 24 VDC) Output ON: 0.3 W Output OFF: 0.2 W		
Control outputs	Time limit contacts: 5 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC, 0.15 A at 125 VDC, resistive load (cosφ = 1) Transistor output: Open collector (NPN/PNP), 100 mA max. at 30 VDC max., residual voltage: 2 V max. Instantaneous contact: 5 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC, 0.15 A at 125 VDC, resistive load (cosφ = 1)		

- Note:** 1. DC ripple rate: 20% max. if the power supply incorporates a single-phase, full-wave rectifier.
 2. Do not use an inverter output as the power supply. Refer to *Safety Precautions for All Timers* for details.
 3. Models with 24-to-48-VAC or 12-to-48-VDC power supply have inrush current. Caution is thus required when turning ON and OFF power to the Timer with a non-contact output from a device such as a sensor. (Models with an inrush current of approximately 50 mA and a 24-VDC power supply are available (the H3CR-A-302 and H3CR-A8-302).)
 4. The values are for when the terminals 2 and 7 and terminals 10 and 6 are short-circuited, and include the consumption current of the input circuit.
 5. Refer to *Safety Precautions for All Timers* when using the Timer together with a 2-wire AC proximity sensor.

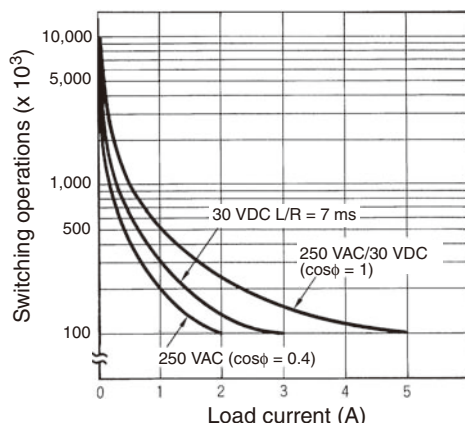
■ Characteristics

Accuracy of operating time	±0.2% FS max. (±0.2%±10 ms max. in a range of 1.2 s)
Setting error	±5% FS ±50 ms (See note 1)
Reset time	Min. power-opening time: 0.1 s max. Min. pulse width: 0.05 s (H3CR-A/-AS)
Reset voltage	10% max. of rated supply voltage
Influence of voltage	±0.2% FS max. (±0.2%±10 ms max. in a range of 1.2 s)
Influence of temperature	±1% FS max. (±1%±10 ms max. in a range of 1.2 s)
Insulation resistance	100 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)
Dielectric strength	2,000 VAC (1,000 VAC for H3CR-A□S), 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between current-carrying metal parts and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) 2,000 VAC (1,000 VAC for H3CR-A□S), 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between control output terminals and operating circuit) 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between contacts of different polarities) 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between contacts not located next to each other) 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between input and control output terminals and operation circuit) for H3CR-AP
Impulse withstand voltage	3 kV (between power terminals) for 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC, 1 kV for 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC 4.5 kV (between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) for 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC, 1.5 kV for 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC and 24 to 48 VAC/VDC
Noise immunity	±1.5 kV (between power terminals) and ±600 V (between no-voltage input terminals), square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise)
Static immunity	Malfunction: 8 kV Destruction: 15 kV
Vibration resistance	Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz with 0.75-mm single amplitude each in 3 directions for 2 hours each Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz with 0.5-mm single amplitude each in 3 directions for 10 minutes each
Shock resistance	Destruction: 1,000 m/s ² 3 times each in 6 directions Malfunction: 100 m/s ² 3 times each in 6 directions
Ambient temperature	Operating: -10°C to 55°C (with no icing) Storage: -25°C to 65°C (with no icing)
Ambient humidity	Operating: 35% to 85%
Life expectancy	Mechanical: 20,000,000 operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h) Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1,800 operations/h) (See note 2)
EMC	(EMI) EN61812-1 Emission Enclosure: EN55011 Group 1 class A Emission AC Mains: EN55011 Group 1 class A (EMS) EN61812-1 Immunity ESD: IEC61000-4-2: 6 kV contact discharge (level 3) 8 kV air discharge (level 3) Immunity RF-interference from AM Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: 10 V/m (80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3) Immunity RF-interference from Pulse-modulated Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: 10 V/m (900±5 MHz) (level 3) Immunity Conducted Disturbance: IEC61000-4-6: 10 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 3) Immunity Burst: IEC61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3) 2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4) Immunity Surge: IEC61000-4-5: 1 kV line to line (level 3) 2 kV line to ground (level 3)
Case color	Light gray (Munsell 5Y7/1)
Degree of protection	IP40 (panel surface)
Weight	Approx. 90 g

Note: 1. The value is ±5% FS +100 ms to -0 ms max. when the C, D, or G mode signal of the H3CR-AP is OFF.

2. Refer to the *Life-test Curve*.

■ Life-test Curve

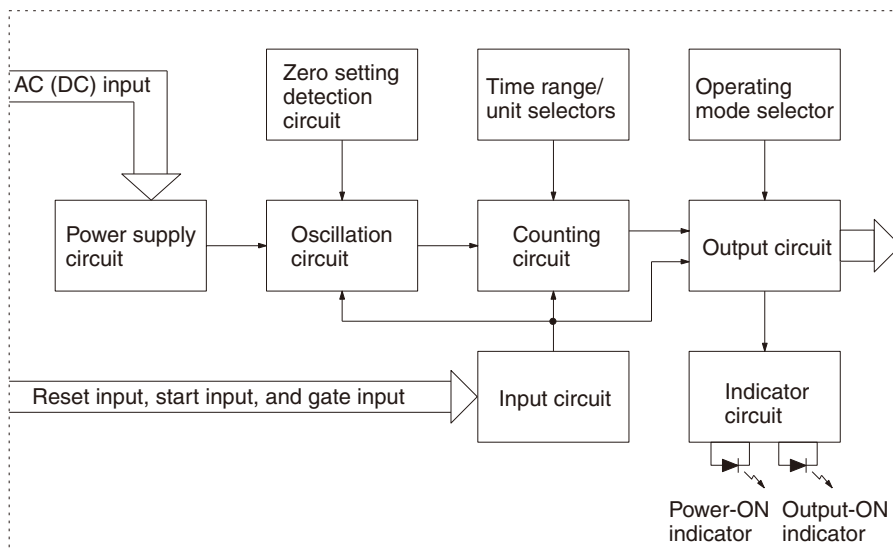


Reference: A maximum current of 0.15 A can be switched at 125 VDC ($\cos\phi = 1$) and a maximum current of 0.1 A can be switched if L/R is 7 ms. In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (failure level: P).

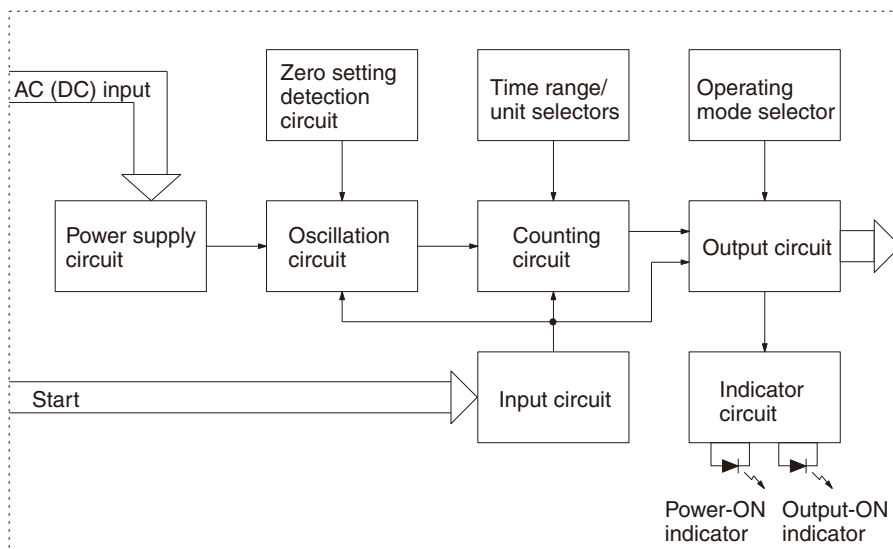
Connections

■ Block Diagrams

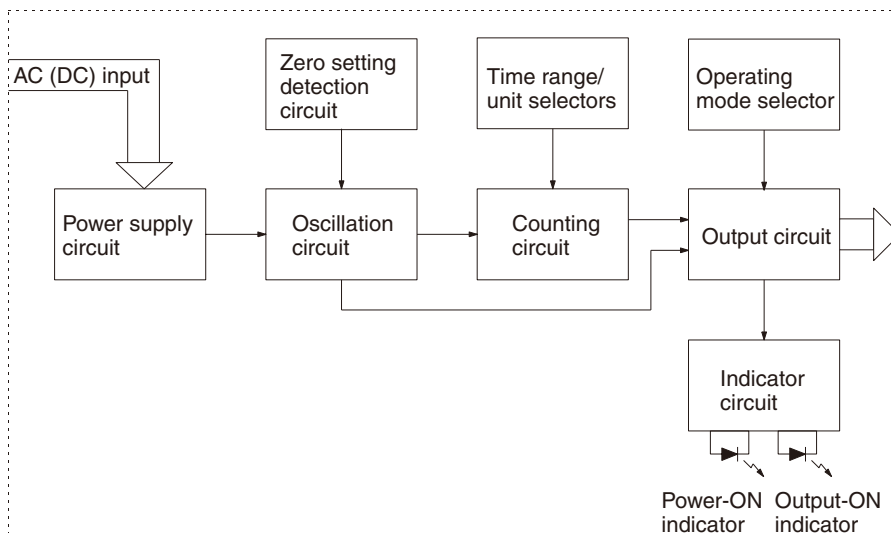
H3CR-A/AS



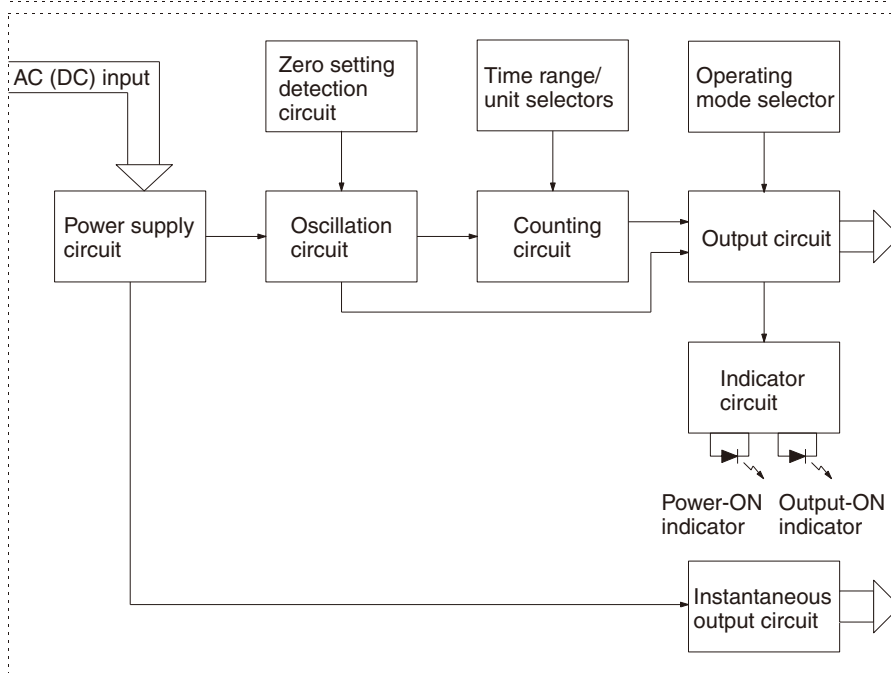
H3CR-AP



H3CR-A8/A8S



H3CR-A8E




I/O Functions

Inputs (for -A/-AS models)	Start	Starts time-measurement.
	Reset	Interrupts time-measurement and resets time-measurement value. No time-measurement is made and control output is OFF while the reset input is ON.
	Gate	Prohibits time-measurement.
Outputs	Control output	Outputs are turned ON according to designated output mode when preset value is reached.

Note: H3CR-AP incorporates start input only.

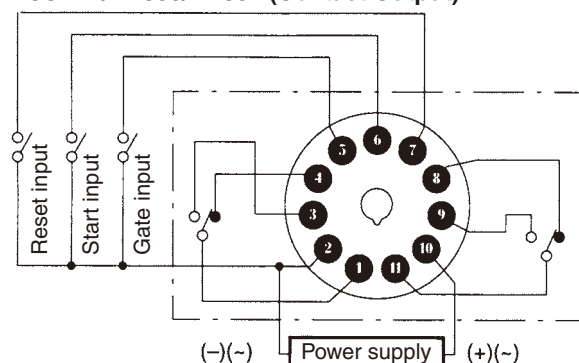
Terminal Arrangement

Note: The delayed contact of conventional Timers was indicated as 

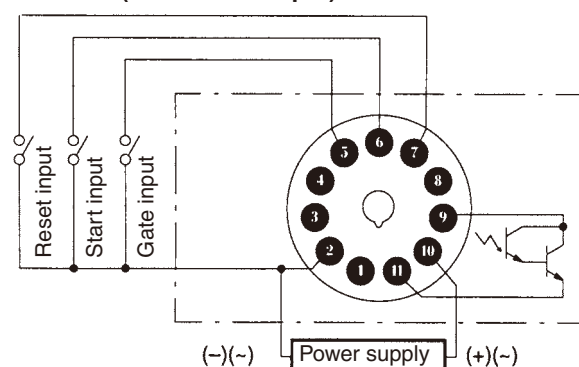
The contact symbol of the H3CR-A is indicated as  because its operating mode is six multi-modes (four multi-modes for the H3CR-A8).

11-pin Models

H3CR-A/-A-300/-A-301 (Contact Output)

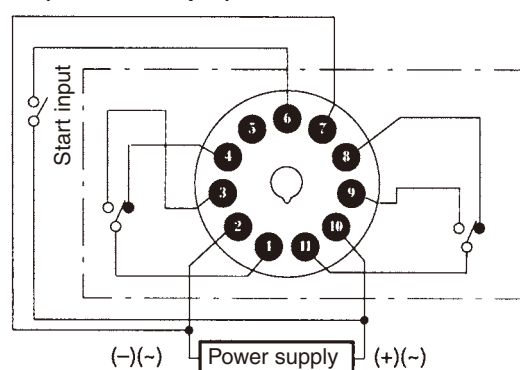


H3CR-AS (Transistor Output)



Note: Terminals 1, 3, 4, and 8 are empty. Terminals 2, 5, 6, 7, and 10 are the same as for the H3CR-A.

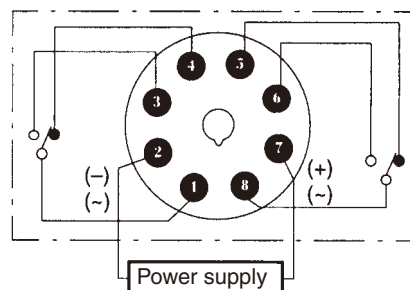
H3CR-AP (Contact Output)



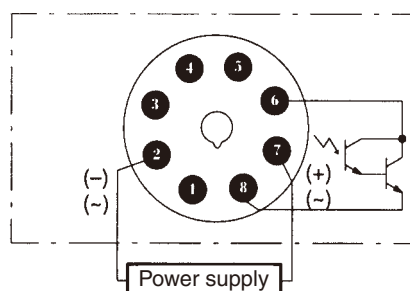
Note: 1. Terminal 5 is empty.
2. Separate power supplies can be used for the Timer and inputs.

8-pin Models

H3CR-A8/-A8-301 (Contact Output)

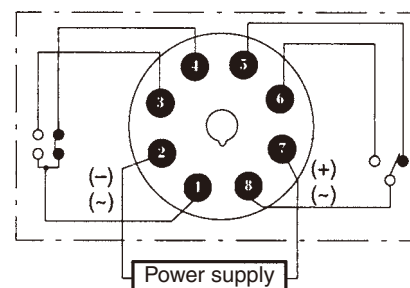


H3CR-A8S (Transistor Output)



Note: Terminals 1, 3, 4, and 5 are empty. Terminals 2 and 7 are the same as for the H3CR-A8.

H3CR-A8E (Contact Output)



Input Connections

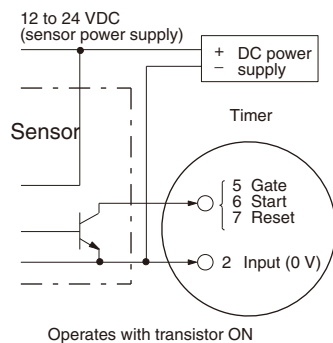
H3CR-A/-AS

The inputs of the H3CR-A/-AS are no-voltage (short-circuit or open) inputs.

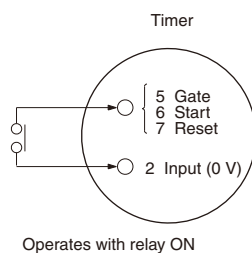
No-voltage Inputs

No-contact Input

(Connection to NPN open collector output sensor.)

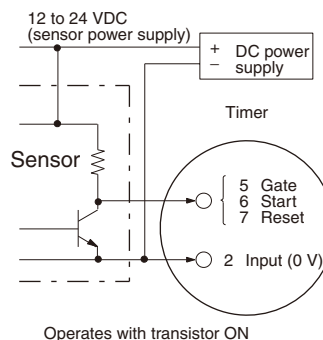


Contact Input



No-contact Input

(Connection to a voltage output sensor.)



No-voltage Input Signal Levels

No-contact input	1. Short-circuit level Transistor ON Residual voltage: 1 V max. Impedance when ON: 1 k Ω max.
	2. Open level Transistor OFF Impedance when OFF: 100 k Ω min.
Contact input	Use contacts which can adequately switch 0.1 mA at 5 V

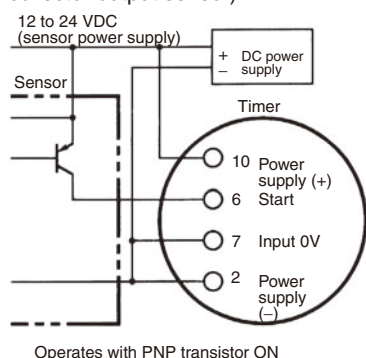
H3CR-AP

The start input of the H3CR-AP is voltage input. (Voltage imposition or open)

Voltage Inputs

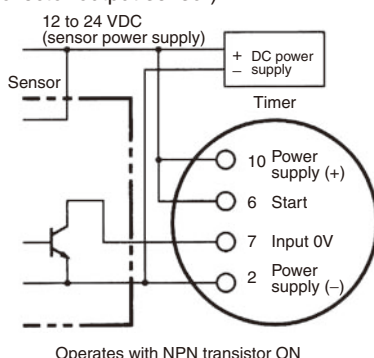
No-contact Input

(Connection to PNP open collector output sensor)

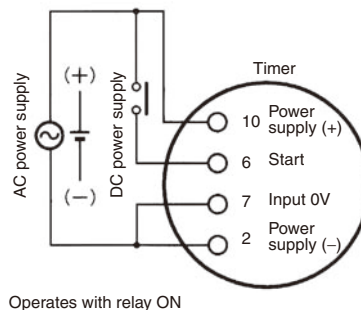


No-contact Input

(Connection to NPN open collector output sensor)



Contact Input



Note: The input circuit is isolated from the power supply circuit. Thus, an NPN transistor can be connected.

Note: Refer to the signal levels in the following table and be aware of the minimum applicable load of the relay.

Voltage Input Signal Levels

No-contact input	1. Transistor ON Residual voltage: 1 V max. The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 must be 10.8 VDC min.
	2. Transistor OFF Leakage current: 0.01 mA max. The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 must be 1.2 VDC max.
Contact input	Use contacts that can adequately switch 0.1 mA at each operating voltage. The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 with contacts ON or OFF must satisfy the specified value. Contacts ON 100-to-240-VAC and 100-to-125-VDC models: 85 to 264 VAC or 85 to 137.5 VDC 24-to-48-VAC and 12-to-48-VDC models: 20.4 to 52.8 VAC or 10.8 to 52.8 VDC Contacts OFF 100-to-240-VAC and 100-to-125-VDC models: 0 to 10 VAC or 0 to 10 VDC 24-to-48-VAC and 12-to-48-VDC models: 0 to 2.4 VAC or 0 to 1.2 VDC

Operation

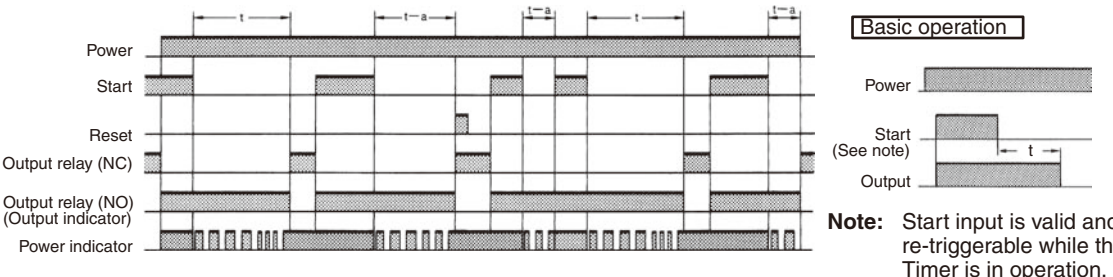
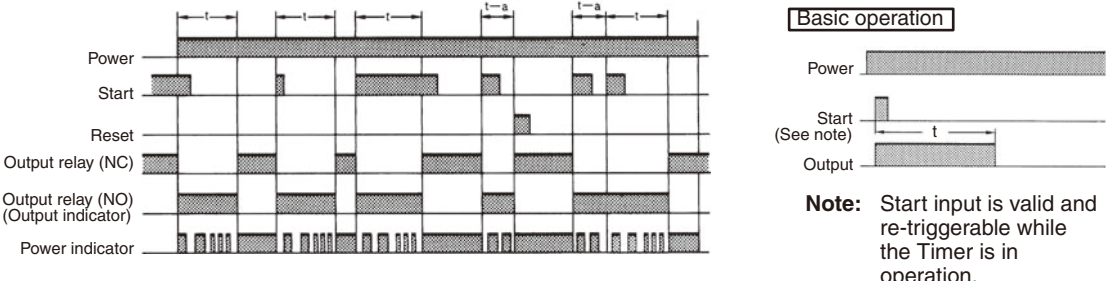
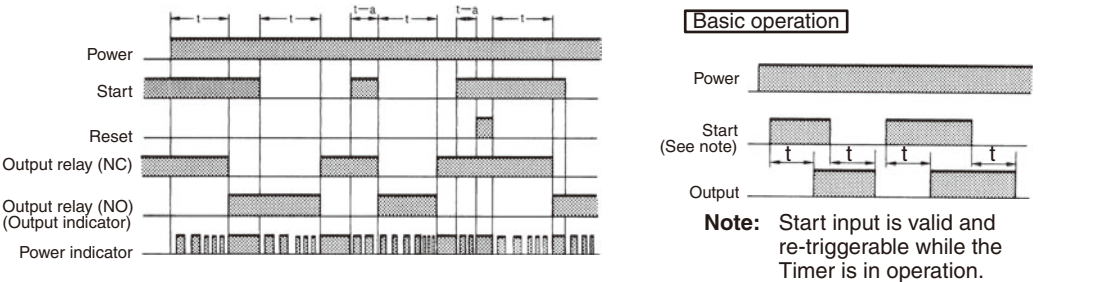
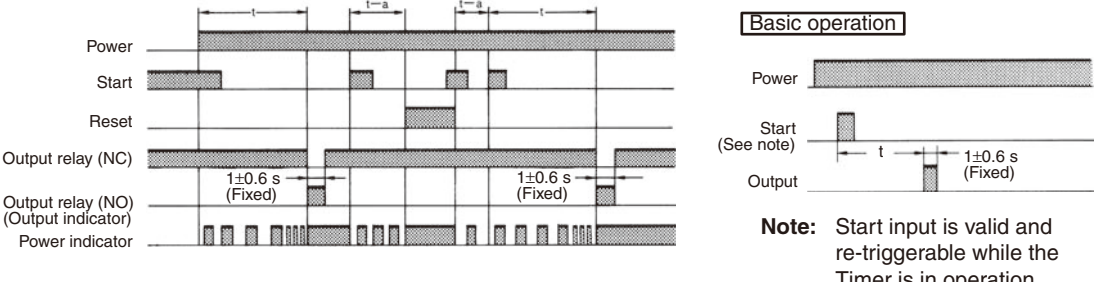
■ Timing Chart

- Note:**
1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s.
 2. The minimum input pulse width (for start, reset) is 0.05 s.
 3. The letter "t" in the timing charts stands for the set time and "t-a" means that the period is less than the time set.
 4. Power supply start in mode J is also possible for H3CR-A8/-A8E/-A8S/-A8-301 models.
 5. Refer to page 16 for application examples.

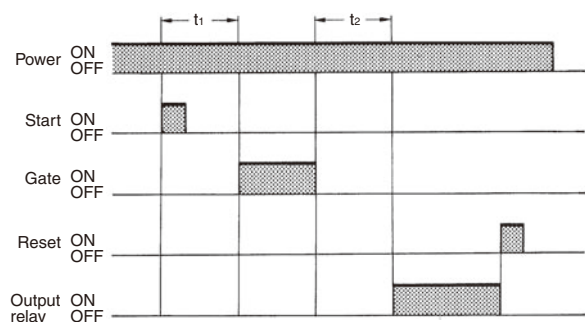
H3CR-A/-AS/-AP*

*H3CR-AP model incorporates start input only.

Operating mode	Timing chart	
A: ON-delay		<div>Basic operation</div> <p>Note: Start input is invalid while the Timer is in operation.</p>
B: Flicker OFF start		<div>Basic operation</div> <p>Note: Start input is invalid while the Timer is in operation.</p>
B2: Flicker ON start		<div>Basic operation</div> <p>Note: Start input is invalid while the Timer is in operation.</p>
C: Signal ON/OFF-delay		<div>Basic operation</div> <p>Note: Start input is valid and re-triggerable while the Timer is in operation.</p>

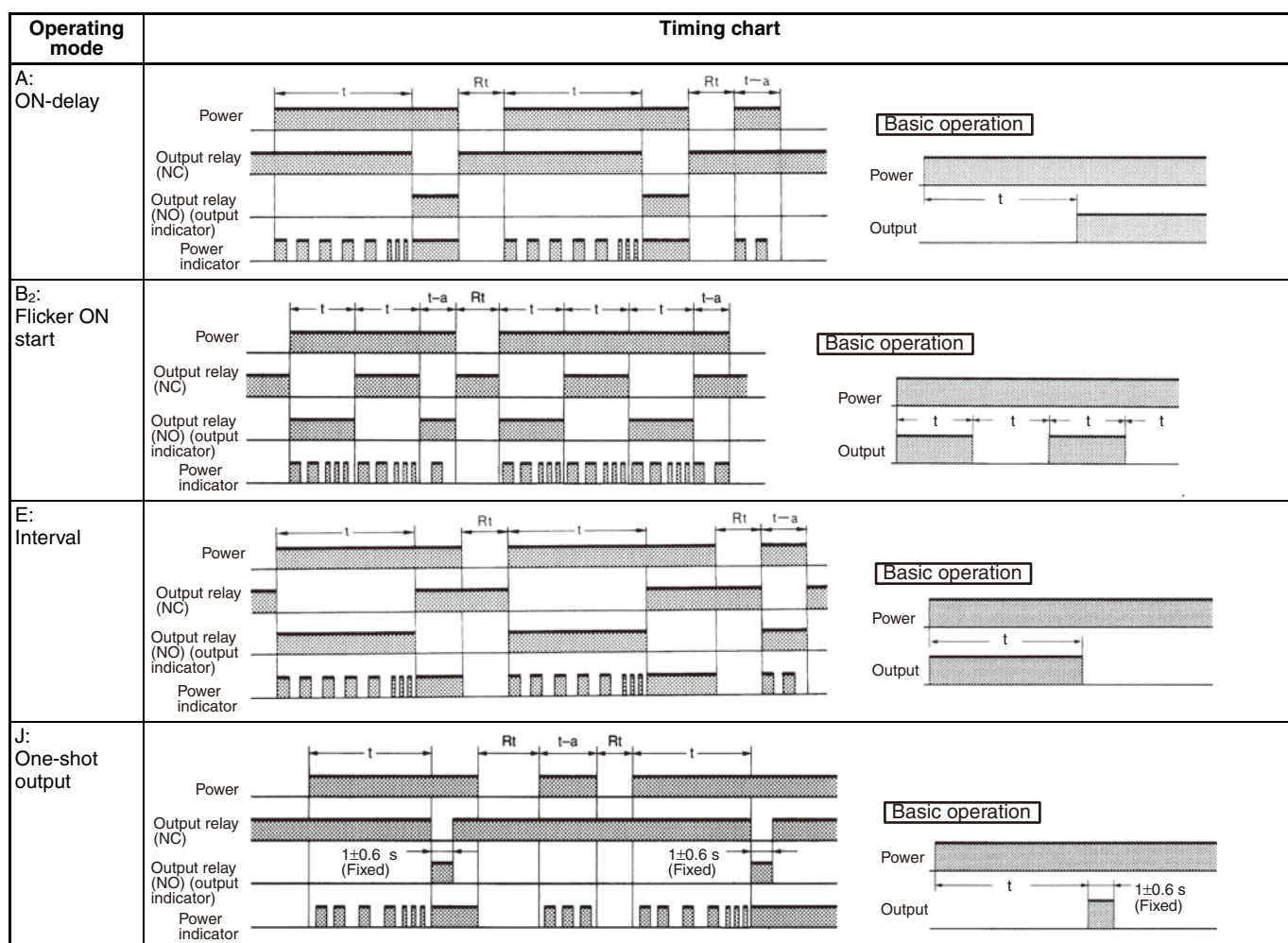
Operating mode	Timing chart
D: Signal OFF-delay	 <p>Note: Start input is valid and re-triggerable while the Timer is in operation.</p>
E: Interval	 <p>Note: Start input is valid and re-triggerable while the Timer is in operation.</p>
G: Signal ON/OFF-delay	 <p>Note: Start input is valid and re-triggerable while the Timer is in operation.</p>
J: One-shot output	 <p>Note: Start input is valid and re-triggerable while the Timer is in operation.</p>

Gate Signal Input



- Note:**
1. This timing chart indicates the gate input in operating mode A (ON-delay operation).
 2. The set time is the sum of t_1 and t_2 .
 3. H3CR-AP model incorporates start input only.

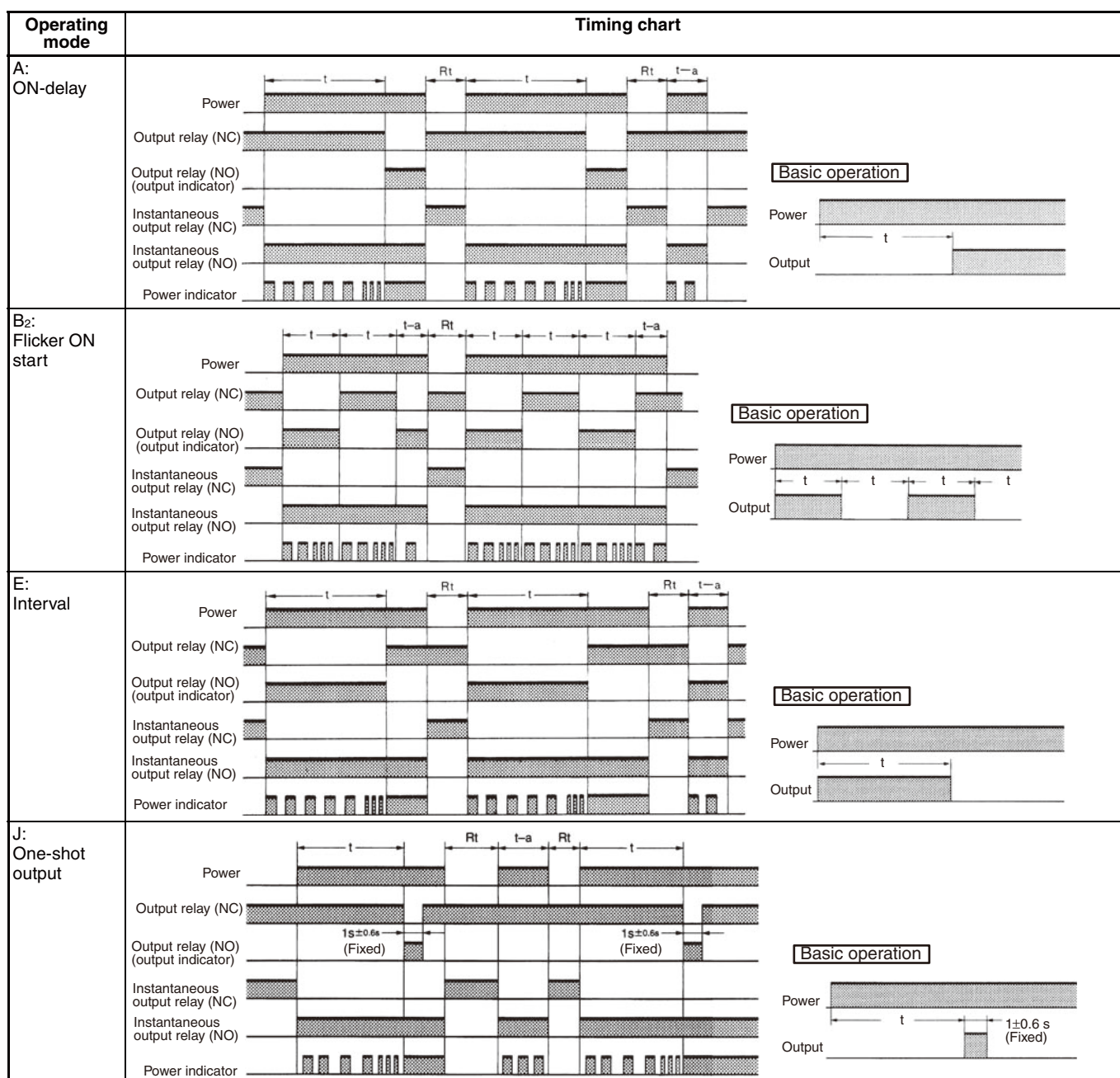
H3CR-A8/-A8S



Note: 1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s.

2. The letter "t" in the timing charts stands for the set time and "t-a" means that the period is less than the time set.

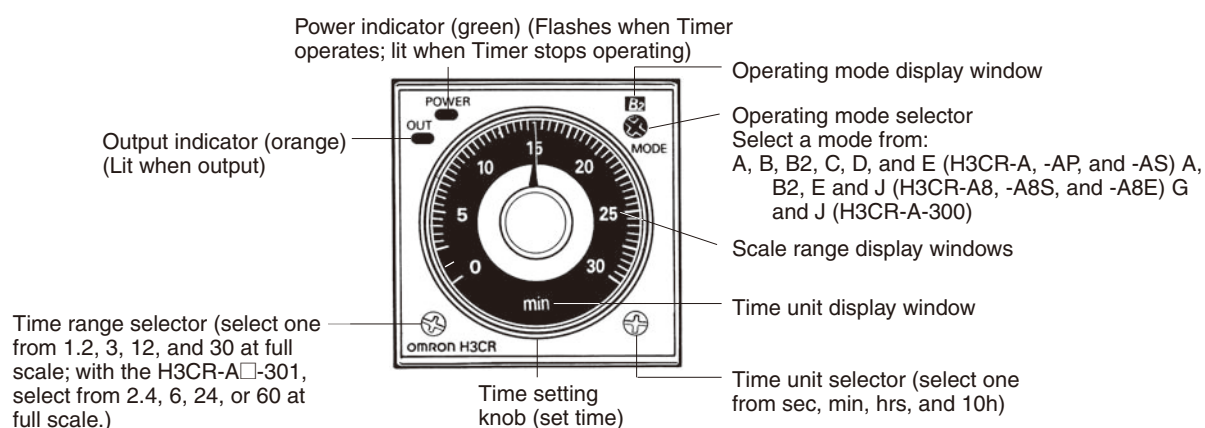
H3CR-A8E



Note: 1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s.

2. The letter "t" in the timing charts stands for the set time and "t-a" means that the period is less than the time set.

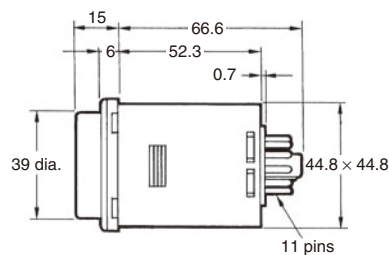
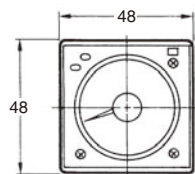
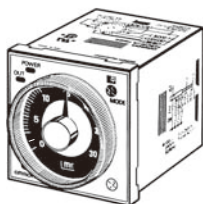
Nomenclature



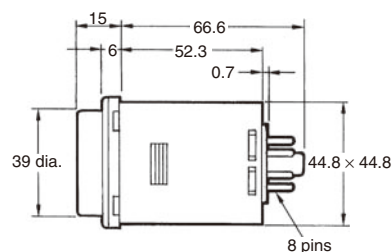
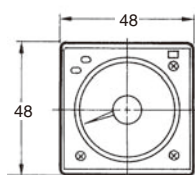
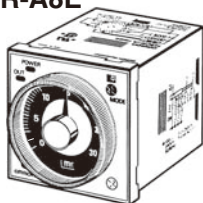
Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

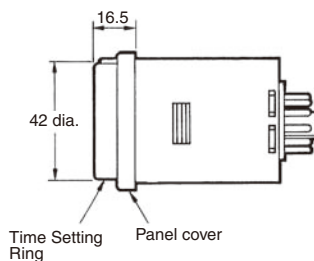
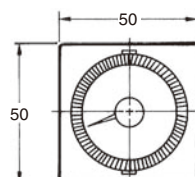
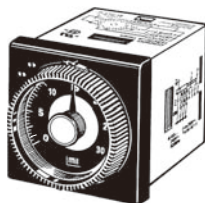
**H3CR-A
H3CR-AP
H3CR-AS**



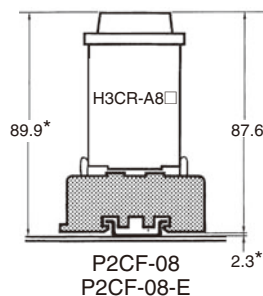
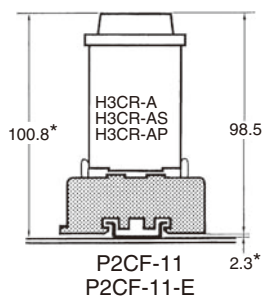
**H3CR-A8
H3CR-A8S
H3CR-A8E**



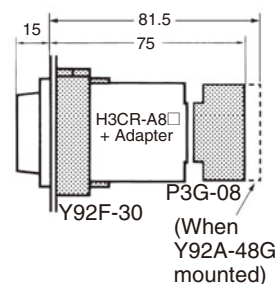
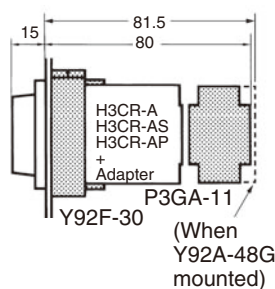
Dimensions with Set Ring



**Dimensions with Front Connecting Socket
P2CF-08-□/ P2CF-11-□**



**Dimensions with Back Connecting Socket
P3G-08/P3GA-11**



*These dimensions vary with the kind of DIN track (reference value).

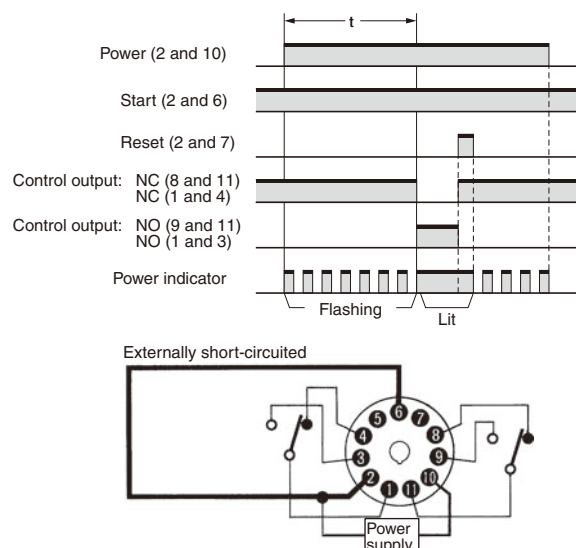
Application Examples (H3CR-A)

A Mode: ON-delay

ON-delay operation (A mode) is a basic mode.

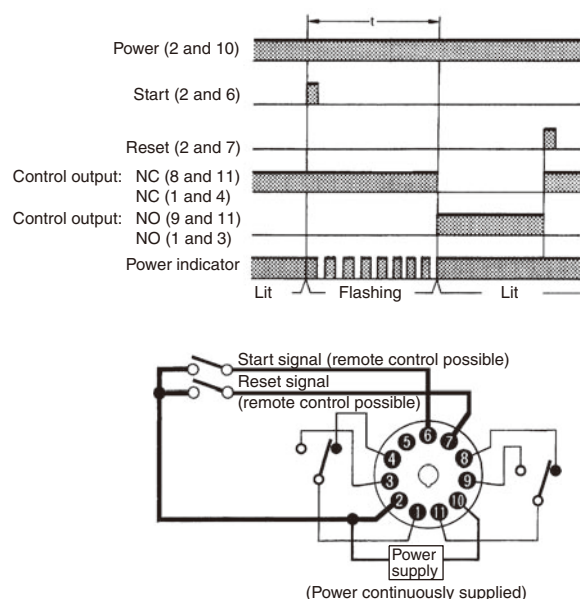
1. Power-ON Start/Power-OFF Reset

The Power-ON start/Power-OFF reset operation is a standard operating method.



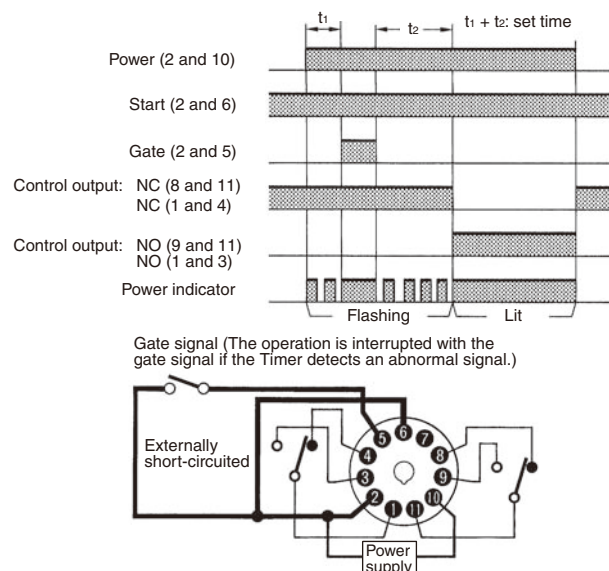
2. Signal Start/Signal Reset

The Signal start/Signal reset operation is useful for remote control of the Timer.



3. Control of Integrated Time with Gate Signal

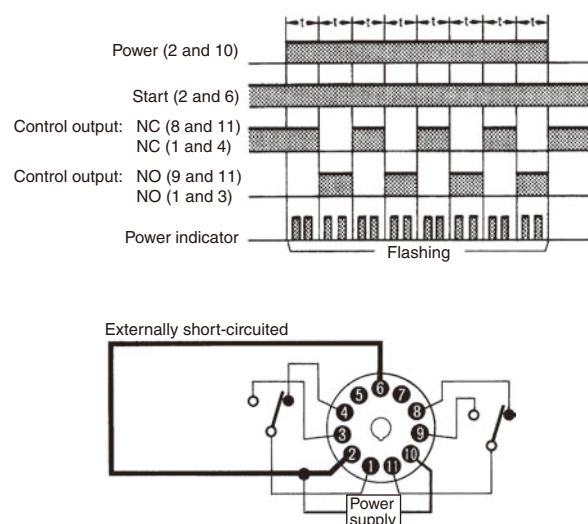
With a gate signal, the Power-ON start operation and Signal start operation can be controlled (the operation can be interrupted).



B/B2 Mode: Flicker

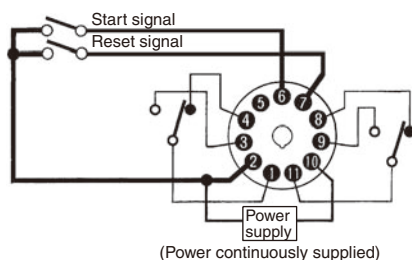
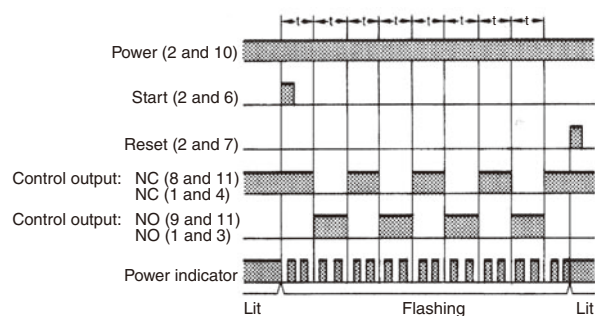
The flicker operation in the B and B2 modes can be effectively applied to lamp or buzzer (ON and OFF) alarms or the monitoring of an intermittent operation with a display.

1. Power-ON Start/Power-OFF Reset (in B Mode)



2. Signal Start/Signal Reset (in B Mode)

If there is an abnormal signal, flashing starts. When the abnormal condition is restored, a reset signal stops the display flashing.

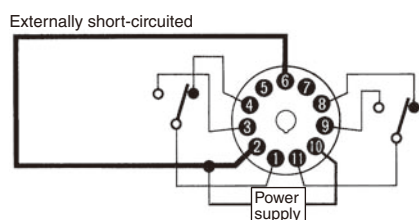
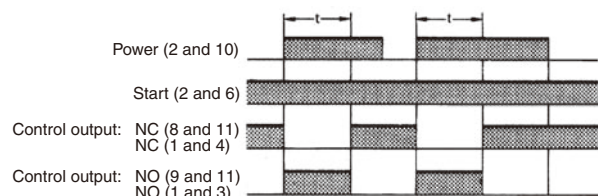


C Mode: Signal ON/OFF-delay

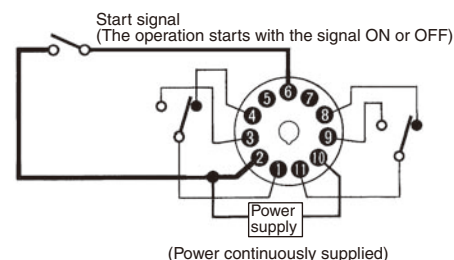
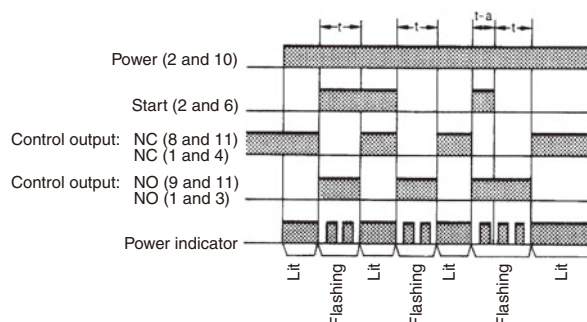
The Signal ON/OFF-delay operation (C mode) is useful for the control of distribution of products on a production line into boxes by the specified number or time.

1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/Time-limit Reset

A set of these functions is useful for the operation of a machine for a specified period when power is ON.



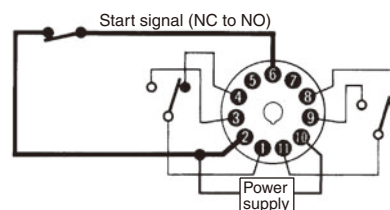
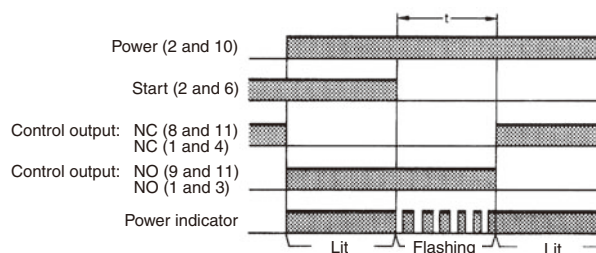
2. Signal-ON-OFF Start/Instantaneous Operation/Time-limit Reset



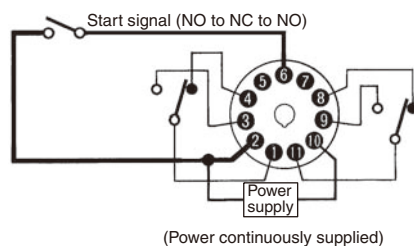
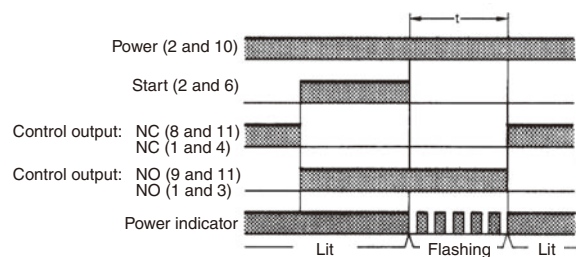
D Mode: Signal OFF-delay

Signal OFF-delay operation (D mode) can be effectively used to keep a load operating for a certain period. For example, this function enables the cooling fan for a lamp or heater to operate for a certain period after the lamp or heater is switched OFF.

1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/Time-limit Reset

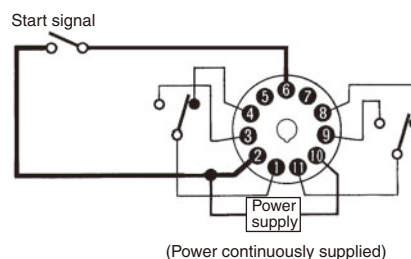
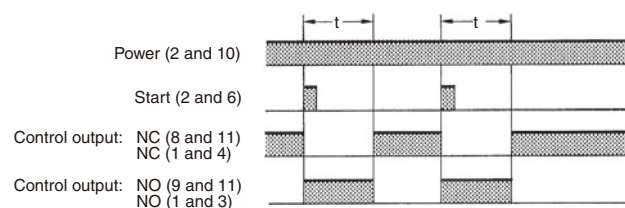


2. Signal Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset



2. Signal Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset

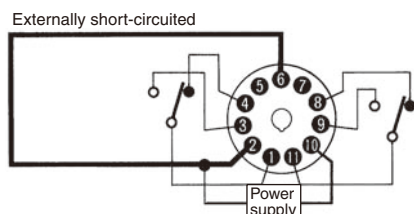
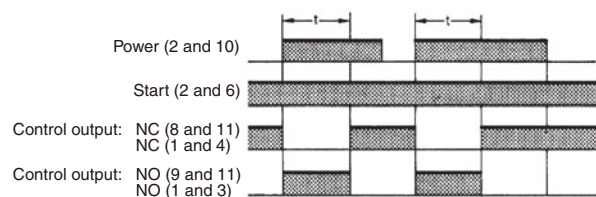
This function is useful for the repetitive control such as the filling of liquid for a specified period after each Signal start input.



E Mode: Interval

1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset

This function is useful for the operation of a machine for a specified period after power is ON.



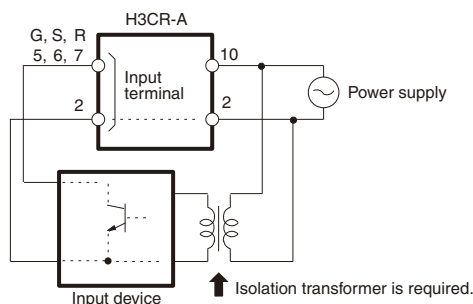
Safety Precautions (H3CR-A)

Note: The undermentioned is common for all H3CR-A models.

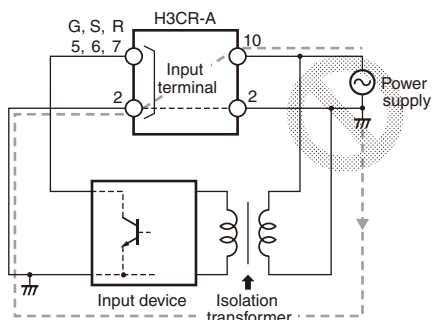
Power Supplies

For the power supply of an input device of the H3CR-A□/-A□S/-AP, use an isolating transformer with the primary and secondary windings mutually isolated and the secondary winding not grounded.

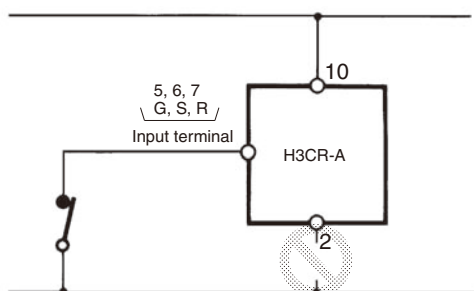
Correct



Incorrect



The H3CR-A□/-A□S/AP's power supply terminal 2 is a common terminal for input signals to the Timer. Do not disconnect the wires on terminal 2, otherwise the internal circuitry of the Timer will be damaged.



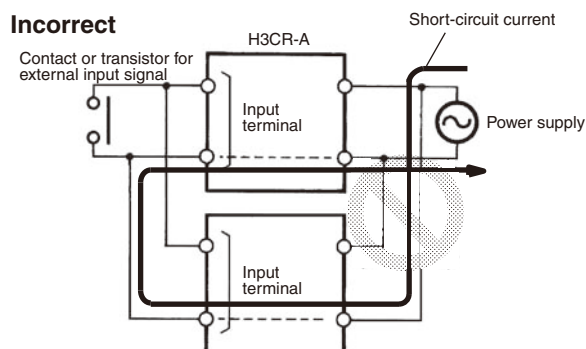
Make sure that the voltage is applied within the specified range, otherwise the internal elements of the Timer may be damaged.

Input/Output

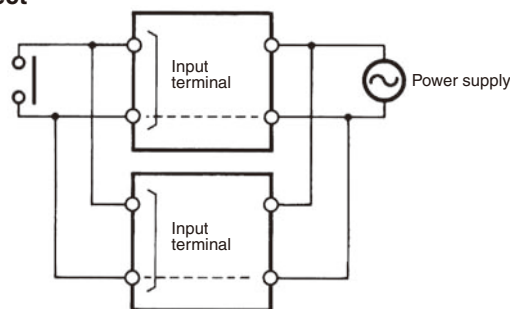
Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (except for H3CR-A8E)

The H3CR-A (except for H3CR-A8E) uses transformerless power supply. When connecting a relay or transistor as an external signal input device, pay attention to the following points to prevent short-circuiting due to a sneak current to the transformerless power supply. If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not differ in phase, otherwise the terminals will be short-circuited to one another.

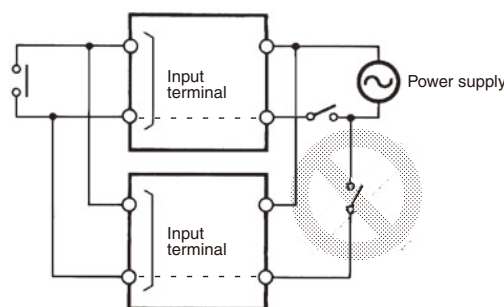
Incorrect



Correct



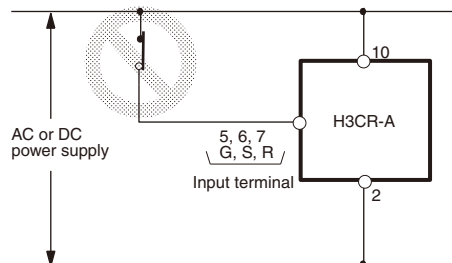
It is impossible to provide two independent power switches as shown below regardless of whether or not the Timers are different in phase.



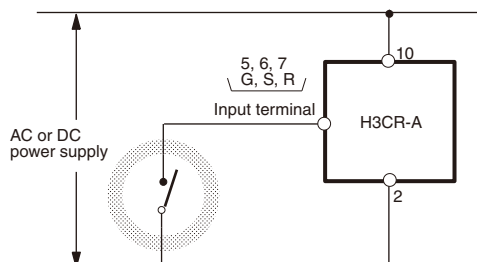
Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3CR-A□/-A□S)

An appropriate input is applied to the input signal terminals of the H3CR-A□/-A□S when one of the input terminals is short-circuited with the common terminal (terminal 2) for the input signals. Never use terminal 10 as the common terminal for this purpose, otherwise the internal circuit of the Timer will be damaged.

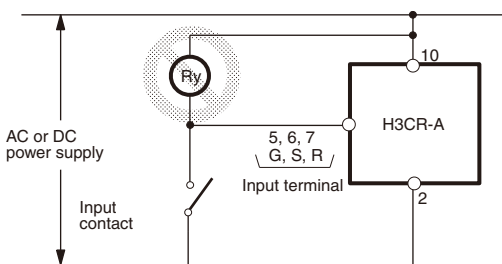
Incorrect



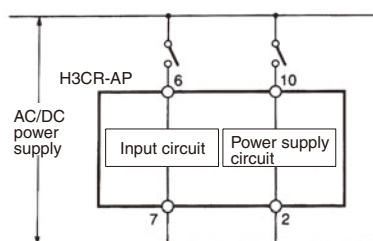
Correct



Do not connect a relay or any other load between input terminals, otherwise the internal circuit of the Timer will be damaged due to the high-tension voltage applied to the input terminals.



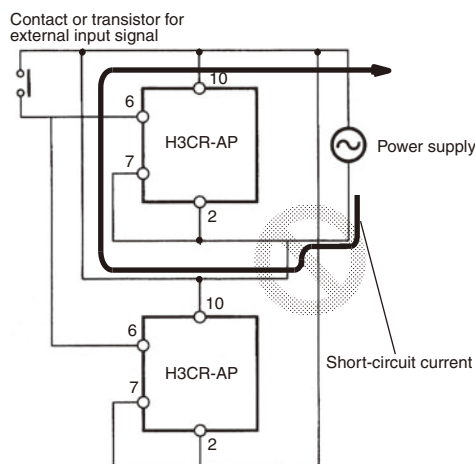
Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3CR-AP)



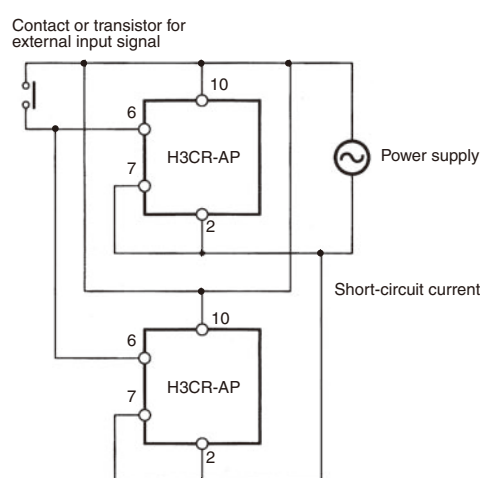
Since the input circuit and the power supply circuit are configured independently, the input circuit can be turned ON or OFF irrespective of the ON/OFF state of the power supply. It must be noted that a voltage equivalent to the power supply voltage is applied to the input circuit.

If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not be different in phase or the terminals will be short-circuited to one another (refer to the figures below).

Incorrect



Correct



Common to All H3CR-A Models

With the H3CR-AP, input wires must be as short as possible. If the floating capacity of wires exceeds 1,200 pF (approx. 10 m for cables with 120 pF/m), the operation will be affected. Pay particular attention when using shielded cables.

The H3CR-A□S transistor output is isolated from the internal circuitry by a photocoupler. Therefore, either NPN or PNP output is possible.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Safety Precautions for All Timers

Refer to the *Safety Precautions* for individual Timers for precautions specific to each Timer.

⚠ WARNING

The following Timers contain lithium batteries that are not explosion proof.



1. Timers with Built-in Batteries: H5L
The Timer contains a lithium battery, which may occasionally ignite or rupture. Do not disassemble, deform under pressure, heat to 100°C or higher, or incinerate the Timer.
2. Timers with Replaceable Batteries: Y92S-20 (for H5CN-M)
The battery may occasionally rupture, ignite, or leak fluid. Do not short the positive and negative terminals. Do not charge, disassemble, deform under pressure, or throw the battery into a fire. If a non-specified battery is used, the battery may leak fluid or rupture, occasionally resulting in equipment failure or minor injury. Use only the specified battery.

⚠ CAUTION

The following Timers contain lithium batteries that are explosion proof.



Timers with Built-in Batteries: H5BR, H5AN-4DM, H5S, H5F, and H4KV

The Timer contains a lithium battery, which may occasionally ignite or rupture. Do not disassemble, deform under pressure, heat to 100°C or higher, or incinerate the Timer.

■ Precautions for Safe Use

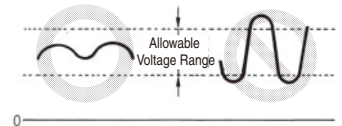
Operating Environment

- Use the Timer within the ratings specified for ambient operating temperature and ambient operating humidity for each model.
- Store the Timer with the specified temperature range for each model. If the Timer has been stored at a temperature of less than -10°C, allow the Timer to stand at room temperature for at least 3 hours before using it.
- Use the Timer within the performance specified for water and oil exposure for each model.
- Do not use the Timer in locations subject to shock and vibration. Long-term usage in such locations may damage the Timer due to stress.
Magnetic contactors generate a shock of 1,000 to 2,000 m/s² when switching a load. When mounting to DIN Track, separate magnetic contactors from the Timer so that the Timer is not subjected to vibration and shock. Use anti-vibration rubber.
- Do not use the Timer in locations subject to excessive dust, corrosive gases, or direct sunlight.
- Do not use organic solvents (such as paint thinner or benzene), strong alkalis, or strong acids because they will damage the external finish of the Timer.
- Separate the input devices, input wiring, and Timer as far as possible from sources of noise and power lines carrying noise.
- When using the Timer in environments subject to large amounts of static electricity (e.g., pipes carrying molding materials, powders, or fluid materials), separate the Timer as far as possible from the sources of static electricity.
- Do not remove the external case from the Timer.
- Do not use the Timer in locations where condensation may occur due to high humidity or sudden temperature changes. Condensation inside the Timer may result in malfunction or damage to Timer elements.
- The life of internal parts may be reduced if Timers are mounted in close proximity to each other.
- Resin and rubber parts (e.g., rubber packing) may deteriorate, shrink, or harden depending on the operating environment (e.g., subjected to corrosive gases, ultraviolet light, or high temperatures). We recommend periodic inspection and replacement.

- Normal operation may not be possible in locations subject to sulfidizing gas, such as in sewer systems or waste incinerators. OMRON does not market any Timers or other control devices for operation in atmospheres containing sulfidizing gas. Seal the Timer so that sulfidizing gas will not enter it. If sealing is not possible, OMRON does provide special Timers with improved resistance to sulfidizing gas. Ask your OMRON representative for details.

Power Supply

- Be sure that the voltage applied is within the specified range, otherwise the internal elements of the Timer may be damaged.
- Install a switch or circuit breaker that allows the operator to immediately turn OFF the power, and label it to clearly indicate its function.
- Maintain voltage fluctuations in the power supply within the specified range.



- Use a commercial power supply for the power supply voltage input to models with AC inputs. Inverters with an output frequency of 50/60 Hz are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Timer may result in ignition or burning. Do not use an inverter output for the power supply of the Timer.
- The Timers listed below cannot be directly turned ON and OFF by using an AC 2-wire proximity sensor to turn the Timer's power supply ON and OFF.
Use the following countermeasure when using an AC 2-wire proximity sensor with the Timer. (The power supply circuit in the Timer uses half-wave rectification. Only a half AC wave is supplied to the proximity sensor, which may cause operation to be unstable.)

Applicable Models

H3Y, H3YN, H3RN, H3CA-8, RD2P, and H3CR(-A, -A8, -AP, -F, and -G)

Countermeasure

- Wire through a relay and use the relay contacts to turn the power supply ON and OFF.
Confirm the stability of operation after making the connections.
- Install protective measures (such as earth leakage breakers, wiring breakers, or fuses) on the power supply side according to any applicable laws or regulations.

Correctly Handling Input Signals

Malfunction due to noise may occur if input wiring is placed in the same duct or conduit as power lines or high-voltage lines. Separate input wiring from power lines and wire them in a separate system. Also, use shielded cables, use metal conduits, and keep wiring distances as short as possible.

Timers with Relays

- Do not connect a load that exceeds contact ratings, such as the switching capacity (contact voltage or contact current). Insulation faults, contact welding, contact faults, and other failures to achieve specified performance may occur and the relay may be damaged or may burn.
- Continued use with deteriorated performance may ultimately result in insulation breakdown between circuits or relay burning. The life of the built-in relay is greatly affected by switching conditions. Before using the Timer, test operation under actual application conditions and confirm that the switching frequency presents no problems in performance.
- Electrical life depends on the type of load, switching frequency, and ambient environment. Observe the following precautions when using the Timer. When switching a DC load, contact transfer may cause the contacts to stick or may cause contact failure. Confirm applicability and consider using a surge absorbing element. When switching at high frequencies, heat generated by arcing may cause contacts to melt or may cause metal corrosion. Consider connecting an arc absorbing element, reducing the switching frequency, or lowering the humidity.
- The surge current depends on the type of load, which also affects contact switching frequency and the number of operations. Check the rated current and the surge current, and design the circuits with sufficient margin.

Resistive load	Solenoid load	Motor load	Incandescent lamp load
Rated current	10 to 20 times the rated current	5 to 10 times the rated current	10 to 20 times the rated current

Sodium light loads	Capacitor loads	Transformer loads	Mercury light loads
1 to 3 times the rated load	20 to 40 times the rated load	5 to 15 times the rated load	1 to 3 times the rated load

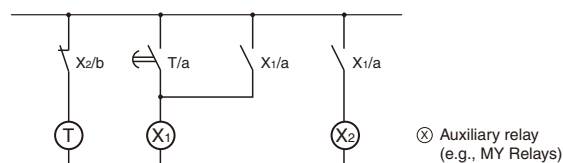
- Arcing when switching and relay heating may result in ignition or explosion. Do not use the Timer in atmospheres subject to inflammable or explosive gases.
- Contact faults may occur. Do not use the Timer in atmospheres subject to sulfidizing gas, chloride gas, or silicon gas.
- The switching capacity for DC voltage loads is lower than that for AC voltage loads.

Timers with Non-contact Outputs

- Short faults or open faults may occur due to destruction of the output element. Do not use the Timer for a load that exceeds the rated output current.
- Short faults or open faults may occur due to destruction of the output element from reverse electromotive force. When using the Timer for a DC inductive load, always connect a diode as a countermeasure against reverse electromotive force.

Other Precautions

- Confirm that you have the correct model before using it.
- Be sure that all terminals are wired correctly.
- Always test the output status with a tester before using a Timer with a built-in keep relay (e.g., the H3CR-H and H3DE-H). Shock resulting from dropping the Timer during transport or handling may cause the output contacts to reverse or to be in a neutral status.
- Leaving the Timer with outputs ON at a high temperature for a long time may hasten the degradation of internal parts (such as electrolytic capacitors). Use the Timer in combination with relays and avoid leaving the Timer with the output turned ON for an extended period of time (e.g., for more than a month). Reference Example (Use the Timer as shown below.)



- Be sure that only a qualified worker (e.g., an electrical engineer) performs electrical work for the Timer.

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In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Read and Understand This Catalog

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

Warranty and Limitations of Liability

WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

In no event shall responsibility of OMRON for any act exceed the individual price of the product on which liability is asserted.

IN NO EVENT SHALL OMRON BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR, OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS OMRON'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPRIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

Application Considerations

SUITABILITY FOR USE

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the product.

At the customer's request, OMRON will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use that apply to the products. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the products in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use.

The following are some examples of applications for which particular attention must be given. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all possible uses of the products, nor is it intended to imply that the uses listed may be suitable for the products:

- Outdoor use, uses involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or conditions or uses not described in this catalog.
- Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, vehicles, safety equipment, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations.
- Systems, machines, and equipment that could present a risk to life or property.

Please know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to the products.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

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